

SUMTER'S BIG DEPARTMENT STORE,

THE RIVERS-BULTMAN OUTFITTING COMPANY

No. 53 South Main St. Sumter, S. C., Two Doors From Post Office.

For a number of years SUMTER has felt the need of an up-to-date, thoroughly equipped DEPARTMENT STORE. That long felt need is now a realization. The Rivers-Bultman Outfitting Co. opened their doors for business September 1st, and offer to the people of Sumter and surrounding counties the benefit of their large and carefully selected stock from which to make their fall purchases. While it is the intention of this store to deal largely in Ladie's Ready-to-wear, Millinery, Shoes, Etc., everything will be carried usually found in a well organized Department Store. A Full Line of Dress Goods, Notions and Household Furnishings have been bought and a Tailoring Establishment for Gentlemen installed. In fact, this firm will be all that its name implies

Head to Feet Outfitters for The Whole Family.

The Rivers-Bultman Outfitting Co. is conveniently located on South Main Street in that new 4-storied building recently constructed for them in the center of SUMTER'S NEW SHOPPING DISTRICT--Each Department of the Store is connected by electric elevators for conveying patrons to and from the different departments. A rest room has been installed on the fourth floor for the convenience of the ladies, where they may spend a comfortable day in the city while shopping or while waiting on trains.

Mr. M. R. Rivers, who came to Sumter ten years ago from Savannah, Ga., where he held a responsible position with one of the largest department stores in the South, and since that time has been connected with Messrs. Shwartz Bros. of this city, and Mr. James D. Graham, formerly with the D. J. Chandler Clothing Co., will be in charge of the Gent's Tailoring and Furnishings Department, and Miss Sallie McDonald, who is well known to the ladies of Eastern South Carolina, is in charge of the Millinery Department. Competent assistants have been engaged throughout the store, and a part of your patronage will be greatly appreciated by this new firm.

The Manning Times.

LOUIS APPELT, Editor.

MANNING, S. C., SEPT. 3, 1913.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

One year, \$1.50
Six months, .75
Three months, .40

ADVERTISING RATES:
One square, one time, \$1; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Obituaries and Tributes of Respect charged for as regular advertisements. Liberal contracts made for three, six and twelve months.

THE CLUB SYSTEM.

The statement issued by Mayor Gibbs relating to the clubs in Columbia, is interesting, especially, that part of it which discriminates between the "bogus" and "bona fide" clubs. He also says "I do not see why a man has not as clear a right to keep his private bottle there (his club) as in his sideboard at home, or similarly to play a social game of cards." These bona fide clubs the Mayor refers to, have what is known as the locker system where members of the club keep their private bottle, and where they can go to take a social drink with a guest. The opposition to these clubs contend that it is unlawful to store liquor, and, a place where persons congregate to drink liquor is illegal. If a restaurant were to permit drinking alcoholic beverages at table, although the beverage was taken there by the drinker, the proprietor could be haled before the court under the law, charged with maintaining a nuisance. These clubs are operated under a charter from the State, but how they are authorized by the charter to permit persons to store liquor we have never been able to learn; if the club system in the city is legal, the system will spread into the country until at nearly every cross roads there will be a club where liquor is stored and consumed, without police protection.

The recent activity in Columbia has put a certain class of clubs on the run, but the Mayor does not show why one club with a charter has not the same right to store and permit liquor to be drunk as another, nor does he attempt to show wherein any of the clubs have this right. It is true, there are clubs, and clubs, one class of clubs are nothing more, so we are informed, than bar rooms, they sell to anybody who has the price, while other clubs receive no money from visitors and only serve from the private lockers of members. As aforesaid, if the locker system in chartered clubs is legal in the cities, what is to prevent the same system from being operated in the smaller towns, and in

the unprotected rural communities?

One of the reasons advanced by those seeking to have a legal sale of liquor is the growing number of clubs; we were told that many in Sumter voted to re-establish the legal sale for no other reason than the existence of clubs in the towns, claiming that the clubs are more debauching to the young than the dispensary would be. To belong to a respectable club in a city gives a young man a certain prestige, and, when in this club drinking is permitted as a means of evading the intention of the law, the enticing effect is far greater than where liquor is lawfully and openly sold.

NO FEDERAL AID NOW.

It will be recalled that the federal government appropriated a large sum of money to aid in building up the post roads. Dillon county, in this State, sought to take advantage of this opportunity, but when everything was in readiness it found it could not comply with the requirements of the government, and so far, only three states have been able to get any of this national appropriation.

Dillon is a young county with no indebtedness as the result of years of accumulations of deficits, was in better position than any other county, but it had to let up because of the several stipulations the government required before any of the money was applicable. There will be, however, an effort made to get congress to modify the provisions so as to make it more with in the reach of States to get this aid, and if this is done, then we expect to see federal money brought here to supplement the fund raised by taxation.

SMOKING OUT PROCESS.

The ways of politicians are past finding out, they are always inventing some new scheme to carry out their designs. The latest is to have their friendly newspaper correspondents to run a "they say" in their letters about the possibility of a certain prominent citizen being groomed for a State office, and this they keep up until the gentleman spoken of comes out over his signature disclaiming any such intention—a kind of eliminating scheme.

Not so long ago Hon. J. Arthur Banks, State Senator of Calhoun county, had as his guest in his home, Hon. John L. McLaurin, the two were friends at school, and ever since, but as soon as it became known that Banks had McLaurin as his guest, the political pirates commenced to throw out their feelers to find out whether this visit had a political bombshell in it. The first move they made was to have a press dispatch sent out which had McLaurin employing a first class newspaper man to run a publicity bureau for him in Columbia, this was denied by both McLaurin and Col. Green, the newspaper man, then when they saw the public could not be hoodwinked by that story, they sent out the story that Senator J. Arthur Banks would be a candidate for a State office on the ticket McLaurin would head.

Senator Banks is an excellent gentleman, if he had any aspirations to fill a State office, the State would profit by electing him. He is a successful farmer, merchant and banker, and at the head of the State fair association, we doubt if he could be induced to take any office in the State house, yet, because he did not jump into the public prints to deny the story of his being a candidate it was assumed that he would be, and his name was being used until he tired of it and put the snuffers on it by disclaiming having any intention of being a candidate. If such men as J. Arthur Banks could be induced to take the State offices we feel sure there would not be the dissension that has been among the officials, but instead of these broils, the affairs of the State would go along as smoothly as all business institutions should.

The pending tariff legislation has not had the effect of demoralizing the price of cotton as was predicted by some of the commercial seers. Cotton has opened up at a very fair price, and the market reports indicate that it will continue around the present until the dry staple gets on the market, and then it will advance. The present is equal to at least a half cent more a pound will be later.

THE LOAN MATTER SETTLED.

At last the trouble the State has been having about borrowing money to meet the necessary expenses of the State until the taxes are collected has been settled, and the loan of \$300,000 has been arranged with the Palmetto National Bank of Columbia, at practically the same cost as the same bank originally consented to make the loan. After the confusion came about it was difficult to understand the exact status from the newspaper reports, and at first we were led to believe it was a hold-up on the part of the bank for a higher rate of interest, but such was not the case; the whole trouble in our opinion resulted from the unfriendliness between certain state officers who were trying to have the other discredited by making it to appear the other was responsible for the embarrassment. The Palmetto National Bank after entering into competition with a number of other banks for the business was awarded the notes and so far as the cost to the State is concerned there is scarcely any difference from what was awarded, and the original proposition, which had been accepted, would have saved the confusion, misunderstanding and political maneuvering of the officials in the state house.

Whether the credit of the State has been hurt by this uncalculated controversy we do not know, but it is reasonable to suppose, controversies affecting the finances are not calculated to help matters in the financial world, therefore, when we saw the matter had been arranged it was gratifying, and we sincerely hope there will be less trap-setting and more business in the future. It is only in the recent past that the officials of the state house have been going into the public prints with their differences; it is a great pity they ever commenced it, but if there has been done to the State they are responsible for it, and the people should know who is to blame and visit the punishment where it belongs.

The State supervision of cotton seed asked for by the Cotton Seed Crushers Association, and which Commissioner Watson will put into effect is as we understand it for the purpose of insuring a better quality of meal both for fertilizer and food purposes. Without such supervision it is held that it would be impossible to secure prime meal because of the damaged seed mixed indiscriminately with good seed. Under the grading system the bad seed would be eliminated.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds Prevents Pneumonia

The Anderson Intelligencer, edited and owned by V. B. Cheshire, and regarded one of the best paying newspapers in the State has been sold to a local stock company, and will hereafter be edited by Col. William Banks the former editor of the Daily Mail. This local stock company is composed of business men who appreciated the value of an old established newspaper.

The Athens, Ga., Herald makes a strong defence of Judge Emory Speer of the federal bench, whose record on the bench is now being investigated by congress, and which investigation may result in impeachment proceedings being brought. Judge Speer although a Republican, has stood very high with the masses in Georgia, according to the Athens newspaper, and the Georgia bar has frequently had him as a guest of honor.

Some of the newspapers are working the same game now that was worked which confined the gubernatorial race down to two candidates. They are trying to keep the senatorial race down to two, but we doubt if they succeed. There are a number of men who feel qualified to go to the United States senate, and they are not going to be side tracked next year, as was a number of aspirants for governor. So far as we are concerned we are ready to make our choice now, unless the individual we expect to vote for falls down by some act between now and the primary which will disqualify him in our estimation.

A law recently became effective in Philadelphia, should be national in its scope, and if congress would enact such a law the cost of living would be considerably lowered. The law prohibits keeping in cold storage meat for over a limited time, recently the officers found meats and eggs that had been in cold storage since 1906. The stuff was seized and destroyed. The penalty for the violation is severe. If a law of this kind was national, the meat packers of the West could not pack away meat and keep it for years, neither could they corner this food product to raise the price as they have been doing. We do not doubt that some of this meat shipped to this country has been in cold storage for more than a year, kept there in order that the supply could be kept short so the prices would soar with the demand. The law should fix a limit for slaughtered meats, and enforce it rigidly.

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CALL TONIC, drives out Malaria, cures the blood, builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

The governor's announcement that he will not appoint on the dispensary boards in the counties that will soon establish the dispensary any person who is addicted to the use of liquor is meeting with general approval, and we hope he will go farther and announce that he will not appoint a board unless it will pledge itself not to employ a dispenser who will be lax in observing the law. Of course, those opposed to the sale of liquor do not want it in any form, but when it is forced upon them for the community sake the law should be strictly enforced, and if the dispensary law is adhered to strictly, there will not be as much drunkenness as was the case when the law was not observed. However, the governor, if he stands to his purpose to keep booze drinkers off of the boards, it may have the effect of holding down a good deal of the prejudice against the institution.

There is a split between the two United States Senators from this State on the matter of recommending a District Attorney in the place of the present incumbent who has been given to understand that his resignation would be accepted. Senator Tillman favors the appointment of Hon. J. W. Thurmond who was Judge Jones' campaign manager last year, and Senator Smith favors Hon. Francis H. Weston, the present Senator of Richland county. Whether Smith will insist upon his recommendation against Tillman will have to be seen later, if he does and the President is put in the embarrassing position of not being able to get the senators to agree he may take the matter in his own hands and make the appointment independent of them. Tillman is not accustomed to allowing a junior senator to stand in his way when he becomes intensely interested, and if Smith is not careful his opposition to the senior senator's wishes in this matter may cause a breach between them that will be hard to heal.

There is more calamity in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven contrary to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Catarrh Pills are the best.

Granulated Eyelids Cured
The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Eye Oil. It Relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 50c, 50c, 50c.

Mother of Eighteen Children.
"I am the mother of eighteen children and have the praise of doing more work than any young woman in my town," writes Mrs. C. J. Martin, Boone Mill, Va. "I suffered for five years with stomach trouble and could not eat as much as a biscuit without suffering. I have taken three bottles of Chamberlain's Tablets and am now a well woman and weigh 168 pounds. I can eat anything I want to, and as much as I want and feel better than I have at any time in ten years. I refer to any one in Boone Mill or vicinity and they will vouch for what I say." Chamberlain's Tablets are for sale by all dealers.

Jury.
Court convenes September 15th, 1913. Judge T. S. Sease, presiding. John C. Jenkinson, Silver, R. F. D. A. J. Plowden, Summerton. Riley Ridgeway, Wilson, R. F. D. J. R. Fudge, Summerton, R. F. D. J. S. Ridgeway, Manning. J. D. Coker, Turberville. R. C. Graham, Pinewood. R. L. Ridgill, Manning, R. F. D. W. A. McFadden, Mayesville, R. F. D. W. A. Fure, Summerton, R. F. D. R. W. Wheeler, New Zion. M. L. Shiner, Summerton. B. T. Thames, Silver, R. F. D. J. W. Dyson, Silver, R. F. D. E. B. Tindal, Manning, R. F. D. C. C. Bennett, Turberville. J. R. Barrow, Workman. T. H. Geddings, Paxville. G. C. Beaton, Wilson, R. F. D. M. D. Allsbrooks, Manning. C. B. Aycock, Remig. Geo. M. Bradham, Manning, R. F. D. O. W. Chewing, Jordan. H. V. White, Wilson, R. F. D. W. G. Grooms, Manning, R. F. D. J. W. Perry, Jordan, R. F. D. W. J. Brunson, Jordan. J. M. Morris, Turberville. J. E. Hubbard, Wilson. S. C. Way, Silver. E. M. Watt, Summerton, R. F. D. J. H. Windham, Manning. Leo Galloway, Manning. H. C. Brainerd, Pinewood. H. A. Brainerd, Pinewood.

SECOND WEEK JURY.
P. B. Hodges, Pinewood. F. F. Burgess, Manning. J. H. June, Jordan. H. G. Billups, Summerton, R. F. D. H. C. Plowden, Manning. S. E. McFadden, Mayesville, R. F. D. J. E. Morris, Turberville. B. D. Griffin, Pinewood. R. A. Hodge, Alcolu. J. C. DuRant, Alcolu, R. F. D. D. E. Epps, Jr., New Zion, R. F. D. A. J. Geddings, Remig. Willie Flowers, Manning. Fred Lessee, Manning. Douglas Holladay Summerton, R. F. D. J. E. Graham, Foreston. H. M. Thames, Silver, R. F. D. B. A. Johnson, Manning. R. D. Timmons, Wilson, R. F. D. R. L. Bell, Manning. G. W. Richbourg, Jordan. Hugh P. Gibbons, Turberville. Thos M. Young, Manning. M. L. Strange, Wilson. E. H. McFadden, Lake City. D. C. Baird, Turberville. J. W. Childers, Davis Station. A. R. Brown, Summerton, R. F. D. W. E. Baird, Turberville. R. C. Richardson, Jr. Summerton R. F. D. J. A. Gardner, New Zion. J. P. Creech, Manning, R. F. D. W. P. Napier, Silver, R. F. D. Shuford Ward, Davis Station. Marion Graham, Pinewood.

Dependency
Is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. For sale by all dealers.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Executive Department.

By The Secretary of State.

WHEREAS, Thomas Wilson, President, and R. D. Cronly, Secretary of Northwestern Railroad Company of South Carolina, a corporation duly chartered by an Act of the General Assembly of South Carolina, approved December 22nd, 1888, have filed with me as Secretary of State a petition for amendment of charter in the following particulars:

1st. By adding at the end of Section 1 of the amended charter, after the words "in Kershaw County" the following: or to a junction with the railroad of any other railroad company, connecting with the City of Camden by trackage agreement, and shall have the right and power to lay out, build and construct a branch line commencing or beginning at a point on its main line at or near Seal's Siding, in the township of Providence, County of Sumter, and extending thence in an approximately northerly direction through the township of Providence, Bradford Springs and Swimming Ponds, in Sumter County, and the townships of Swimming Ponds and Carters Crossing in Lee County, to a point at or near Manville, in Lee County, a distance of approximately eleven miles, with the right, power and privilege of extending the same under the general rights, powers and privileges hereinafter granted and given for the construction of branch lines; and shall also have the further rights, powers and privileges to lay out, build and construct branch lines, not exceeding one hundred and fifty miles, each, in length, commencing or beginning at any point on its main line or branches and extending through the counties of Charleston, Sumter, Lee, Kershaw, Lancaster, Chester, Fairfield or Chesterfield."

"Second: By striking out Section 3 of the amendments to the Charter of the company, approved the 28th day of February A. D. 1899."

"Third: By adding after the words "as may be determined on by said corporation" in section 3 of the charter approved December 22nd, 1888, the words "or corporations, his, its or their heirs, successors or assigns."

"Fourth: By adding at the end of section 4 of the amended charter of the charter approved the 28th day of February, A. D. 1899, which is section 6 of the now further amended charter, after the words "South Carolina" the words "and the stockholders of the company, by an unanimous vote having exercised the right and changed the name of the company as by this section authorized, the name and style of this corporation is the North Western Railroad Company, of South Carolina." And

Whereas, under said amendment the said corporation will have the power to condemn lands for rights of way, extensions and the erection of depots, yards, shops or other buildings, necessary or convenient for the uses of said corporation:

Now, Therefore, this is to admonish all and singular parties at interest that they show cause, if any they have, before me in my office in the capitol building at Columbia, South Carolina, on Saturday, September 6th, A. D. 1913, at 12:00 o'clock, M., why said supplement or amendment to charter of said North Western Railroad Company of South Carolina should not be granted.

It is further ordered that this notice be published in each of the counties above mentioned once a week for four successive weeks before the return date of the foregoing order to show cause.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State at Columbia, this 9th day of August, A. D. 1913.

R. M. MCCOWN,
Secretary of State.